Name:			
Name.	 	 	

GCSE Statistics

Population Pyramids

Total marks	available:	31
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Total marks achieved: _____

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
- there may be more space than you need.
- Scientific calculators may be used.
- You must show all your working out with your answer clearly identified at the end of your solution.

Information

- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
- use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

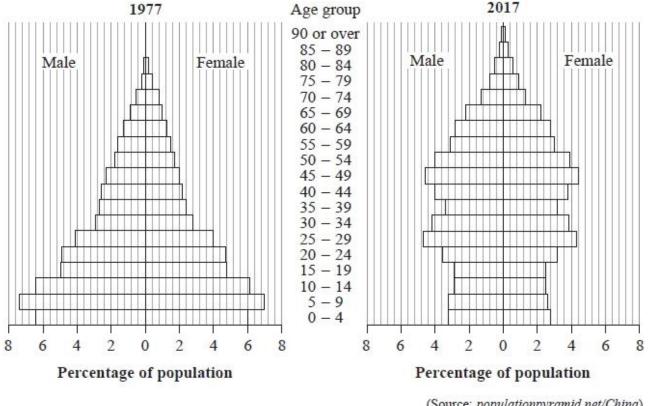
Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Q1.

The two population pyramids show the percentages of males and females in each age group in China for the years 1977 and 2017

Each percentage is based on the total population of China for that year.



(Source: populationpyramid.net/China)

(a) For the year 1977, write down the percentage of the population who are female in the age group 0-4 years.

0/
 /0

(b) For the year 2017, write down the age group that has the greatest percentage of females.

(1)

Eric says that more than 25% of the population of China is aged 9 or under in 1977

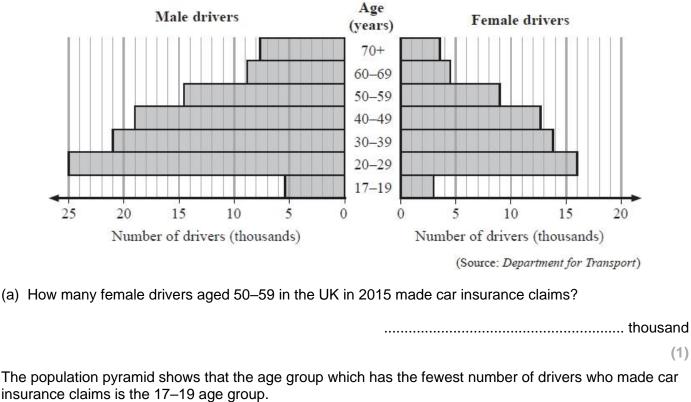
(c) Determine whether or not Eric is correct.

You must show your working.

(d) Compare the percentages of people in China in the 60 – 64 age group in 1977 with the people in China in the 60–64 age group in 2017	ercentages
	(2)
	(-)

(Total for question = 7 marks)

The population pyramid shows information about the numbers (in thousands) of drivers of each gender who made car insurance claims in the UK in 2015



insurance claims is the 17-19 age group.

(b) Suggest a reason why this should be so.

(4)
(1)

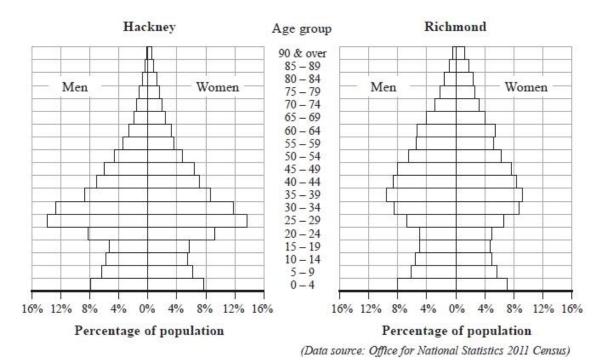
In 2014, the number of male drivers aged 20-49 in the UK who made car insurance claims was 66 700

(c) Compare the number of male drivers aged 20-49 in the UK who made car insurance claims in 2014 with the number of male drivers aged 20-49 in the UK who made car insurance claims in 2015 You must show your working.

other drivers.	
(d) Explain two features of the population pyramid which SafeDrive might use as its justification for this.	doing
	(2)
Jeremy says,	
"The population pyramid shows that the total number of male drivers in the UK in 2015 is greate than the total number of female drivers in the UK in 2015"	r
(e) Explain whether or not Jeremy's conclusion is appropriate.	
	(1)
Vicki says,	
"In the UK in 2019, there will be more male drivers who make car insurance claims than female drivers who make car insurance claims"	
(f) Explain whether or not the information in the population pyramid can be used to support Vicki's statement.	
	(1)
(Total for question = 9 m	arks)

The SafeDrive insurance company charges young male drivers more for car insurance than it charges all

The two population pyramids show the percentages of men and women in each age group in Hackney and in Richmond in 2011



(a) Write down the age group that has the greatest percentages of both men and women for

(i) Hackney,

(ii) Richmond.

(2)

In Richmond, 4% of men and 4% of women are in the same age group.

(b) Write down this age group.

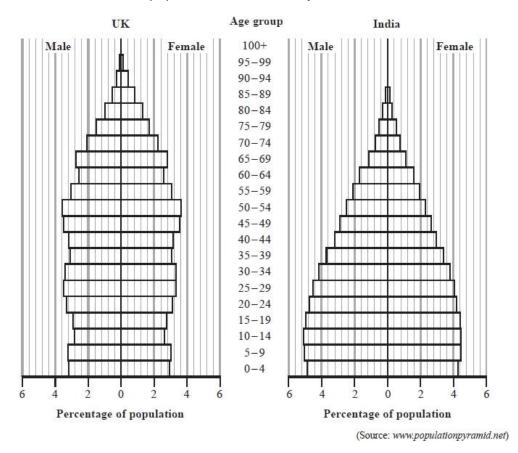
(c) Compare the percentage of people aged 60 and over in Hackney with the percentage of people aged 60 and over in Richmond.

(1)

Q4.

The two population pyramids show the percentage of males and the percentage of females in each age group in the UK and in India for 2016

Each pyramid is based on the total population of that country for 2016



(a) Compare the percentages of males and females in the UK who are 24 years old or younger with the percentages of males and females in India who are 24 years old or younger. You should give two comparisons.

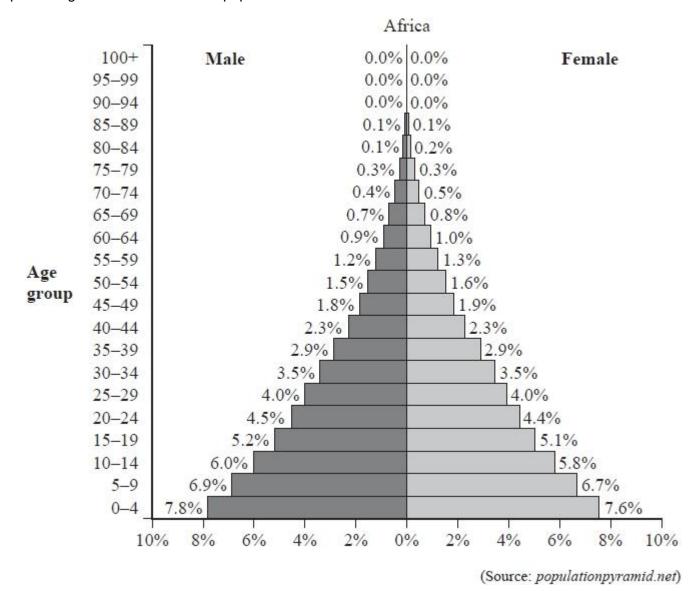
The population of the UK in 201 aged 15 to 49 was 775 300	6 was 65 648 000 and the number of live births to women
	(Source: ons.gov.uk)
(b) Calculate the general fertilit	y rate for the UK in 2016
You may use	
general fertility rate =	total number of live births in the year to women aged 15 to 49 \times 1000
general fertility rate -	number of women aged 15 to 49

(4)

(Total for question = 6 marks)

Q5. A population pyramid for Africa in 2017 is shown below.

The pyramid shows the percentage of males and females in each age group, where each percentage is based on the total population of Africa.



(a) For females, write down the percentage of the population in the age group 10-14

 %
(1)

(b) For males, write down the age group that has 1.5% of the population.

.....

	(1)
(d) Compare the percentage of the population aged 25–44 for females with the percentage of the population aged 25–44 for males.	
	(1)
The sum of all of the percentages on the population pyramid is 100.1%	(1)
(e) Give a reason why this figure differs from 100%	
	(4)
	(1)
(Total for question =	5 marks)

(c) Find the age group that has 11.8% of the population.